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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/735,884	12/16/2003	Woo Hyun Paik	CIT/K-0124A	5690	
34610	590 06/02/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
FLESHNER & KIM, LLP			NGUYEN, LEE		
P.O. BOX 221200 CHANTILLY, VA 20153			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2682	·	
			DATE MAILED: 06/02/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/735,884	PAIK ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		LEE NGUYEN	2682			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status		•				
1)🛛	1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 March 2005</u> .					
2a) <u></u>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)[	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims	•				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	<ul> <li>Claim(s) <u>27-57</u> is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>30-57</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>Claim(s) <u>27-29</u> is/are rejected.</li> </ul>					
Applicati	on Papers		-			
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  ) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
		•				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
3) 🔯 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 12-03.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Priority**

1. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). The certified copy has been filed in parent Application No. 009/615,602, filed on July 13, 2000.

### Information Disclosure Statement

2. All of the US Patents and US Publication have been considered, except the Japan Patent, which was not submitted with the PTO-1449.

#### Election/Restrictions

3. Applicant's election with traverse of invention I in the reply filed on March 04, 2005 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the search for the species could be made without serious burden. This is not found persuasive because in the election, Group I, claims 27-29 are elected with respect to the subcombinations disclosed as usable together, rather than species in group II, claims 31-57. Secondly as stated in the election/restriction, group I direct to the mobile device, while group II concerns image processing at the system; therefore, one having skilled in

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the art can recognize and differentiate the distinction between the two groups.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

# **Double Patenting**

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 27-29 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 22 of U.S. Patent No. 6,675,008. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because:

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Regarding claims 27-29, claim 22 of U.S. Patent'008 discloses all the limitations of claims 27-29 except the rephrasing position.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Grube et al. (US 5,073,927) submitted by Applicant.

Regarding claim 27, Grube teaches a mobile terminal with a caller identifier, (fig. 1, numeral 101) comprising: inherently a caller identifier detecting unit which detects a caller identifier from an input data and receives a caller information transmitted a radio channel-if caller identifier corresponds to its own caller identifier (see individual code identifier, col. 3, 17-23); inherently a signal processing unit which processes and outputs the

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caller information received by the caller identifier detecting unit (see individual identifier code, col. 3, 29); inherently a control unit which controls storage and output of the processed caller information (stored image, col. 3, 23-27); a memory 107 which stores the processed caller information from the signal processing unit under the control of the control unit (individual image data, col. 3, 25); a display unit 106 which displays the caller information output from the signal processing unit under the control of the control unit (image display, col. 3, 32-34).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point

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out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

10. Claims 28-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Grube in view of Bierman et al. (US 5,761,279) submitted by Applicant.

Regarding claim 28, Grube fails to teach transmitting the picture information included in the caller ID. However, the art of transmitting picture information in the caller ID information is conventionally well known, as taught by Bierman in column 3, 45-59. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Bierman with Grube in order store the picture image in the system, rather than in the mobile so that more memory spaces can be reserved for the mobile station.

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Regarding claim 29, the above combination inherently teaches converting picture into a predetermined size (col. 2, 28-30 of Bierman). The motivation is the same reason as set forth above.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LEE NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)-272-7854. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, VIVIAN CHIN can be reached on (703) -272-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2682

le Grupe 5/20/05